







Initiative and collaboration in the healthcare and social care system

Before there was such a thing as public healthcare, a number of organizations stemming from the civil society endeavored to provide care to people and offer a public service.

When the public healthcare system was created, the Catalan government harnessed the existing resources offered by these organizations throughout the territory, and the value of its professionals.

The push to create a universal, public system, alongside the experience, knowledgeability and management skills of the civil society organizations, have earned the Catalan healthcare system its place among the best in the world.

The Catalan civil society, through the various organizations that make up the social care and healthcare system, continues to collaborate to provide innovative and progressive solutions, and offer the best possible care to all people.

Our goal: the health and well-being



Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948) Everyone has a right to a standard of living adequate for their health and well-being.





World Health Organization (1948) The right to health includes access to timely, acceptable, and affordable healthcare of appropriate quality.

Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union (2000) **Everyone has the right of access to preventive healthcare** and the right to benefit from medical treatment.





Spanish Constitution (1978) It is recognized the right to the protection of health.

General Healthcare Act (1986)

Public healthcare will be made available to the Spanish population. Access to healthcare and its benefits will be provided in conditions of effective equality.

Dependence Act (2006)

Right to the enabling of individual autonomy, and right to assistance for people in a situation of dependence.

Catalonia, a healthcare of quality and integrated model



Statute of Autonomy of Catalonia (2006) Everyone has the right to free, equal access to the healthcare services of the public system.

Everyone has the right to equal access to the benefits of the social services network of the public system.

Healthcare Act of Catalonia (1990) Universalization of healthcare services to all the residents of Catalonia.

Equalization and leveling of territorial or social inequalities concerning the provision of healthcare services.

Social Services Act of Catalonia (2007)

Universal access to the system of social services to effect social justice and promote the well-being among the whole of the population.

also has a

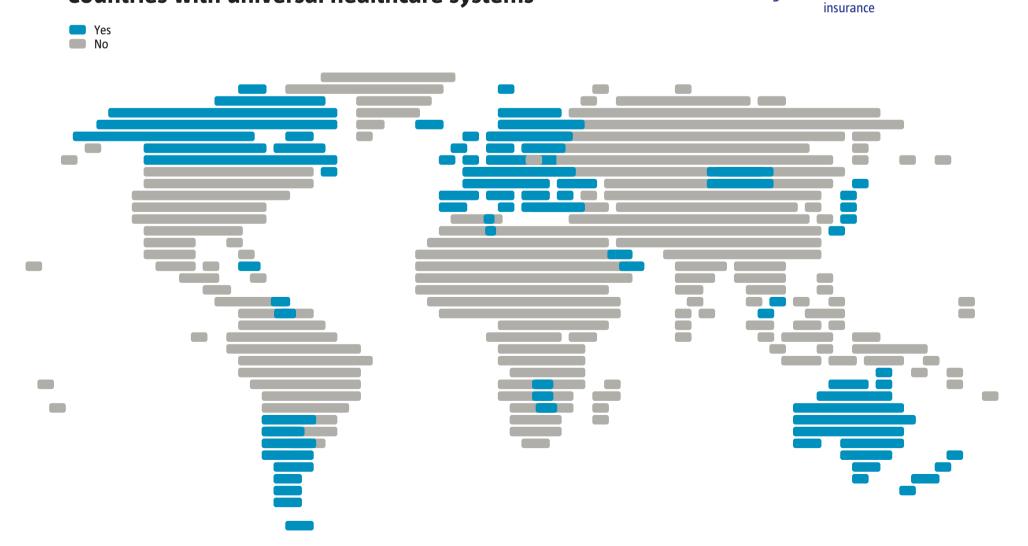
private health

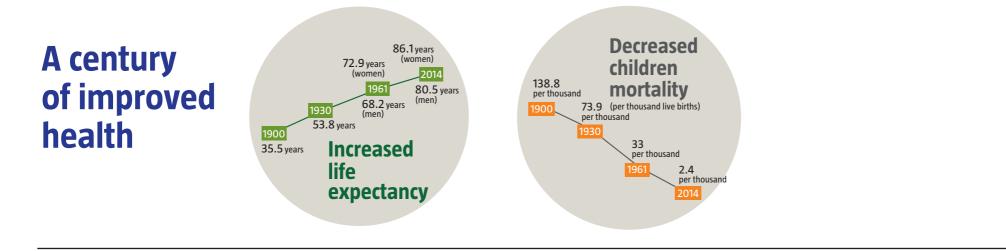


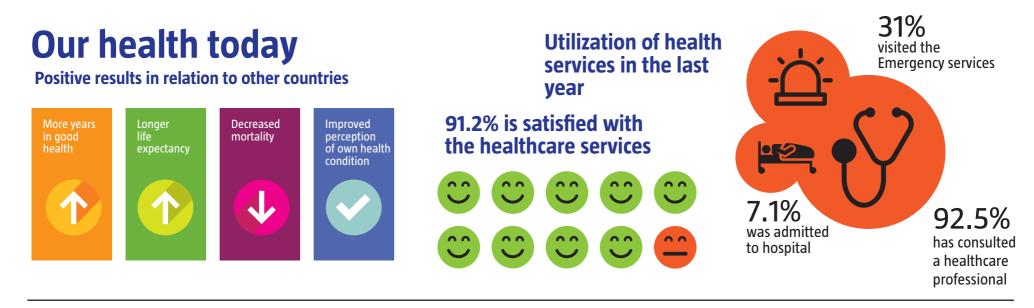
of the population has public healthcare coverage

Universal access to healthcare services

Countries with universal healthcare systems

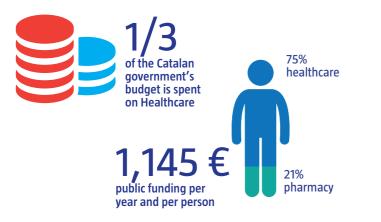




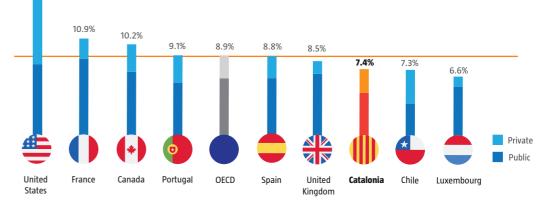


16.4%

Expenditure on health

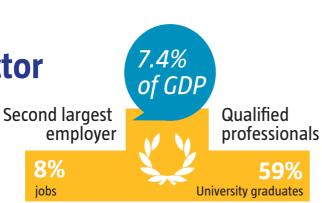


Catalan expenditure on Healthcare is below the international average (% of GDP)





Creating value



Stimulating parallel economic activities



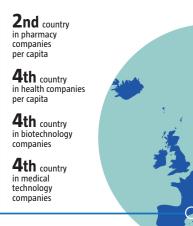
research • catering industry • cleaning • telecommunications • health products technology • consulting • construction • facilities • pharmaceutical industries



Catalonia is one of the leading countries in Europe in entrepreneurship in life and health sciences

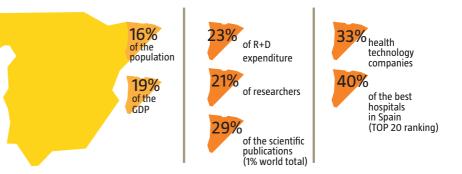
8%

jobs

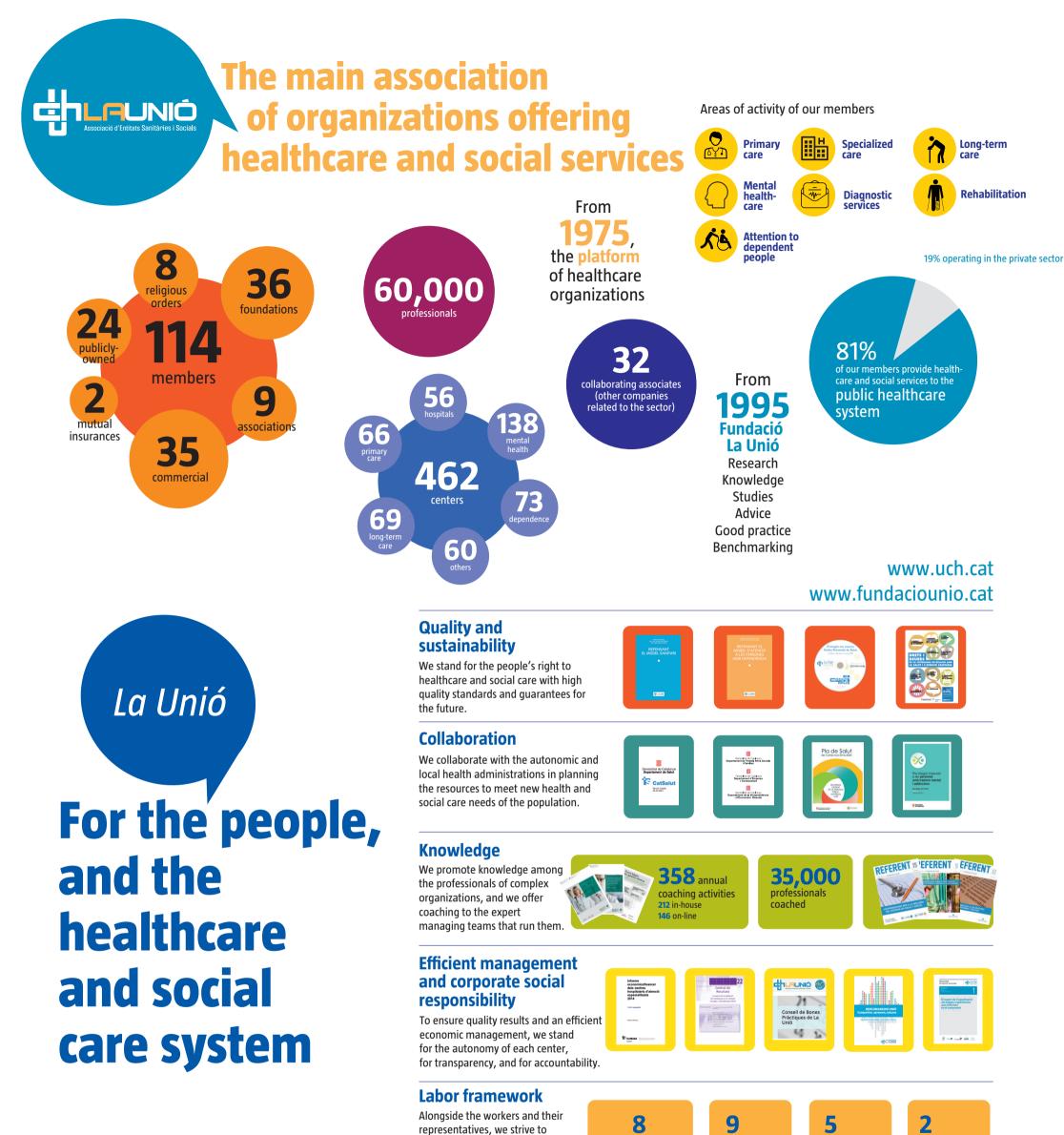




Leader in research, technology, and quality



Catalonia has developed its own model of social services and healthcare, and has become an international reference in initiatives such as palliative care.



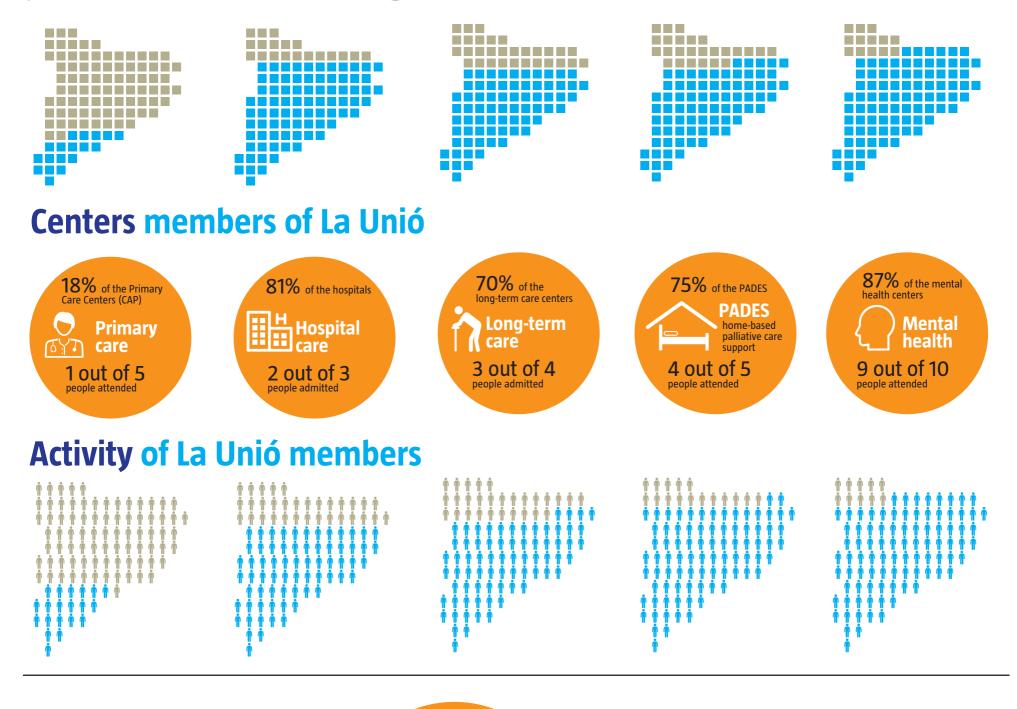
create a stable, mutually agreed labor framework (collective bargaining).



International awareness We explain our healthcare and social care model to the world, and learn from the experience of other countries. Col·legi de Metges FUNDACIÓ L**AUNIÓ** Ceoe AES Cel·legi d'Economistes de Catalunya Ċ ordinadora CERCLE D'ECONOMIA de Barcelona de Fundacions Cercle de Salut FUNDACIÓ International Hospital Federation \square $\dot{\mathbf{x}}$ **HEALTHIO** Himss Europe ERSITAT DE VIC ERSITAT CENTRAL obertament Foment Forética EUROPA TIC Salut Social UC pimec **OEHSS** Societat Catalana de Mediació en Salu⁷ Gestió Sanitària

We participate and collaborate with:

Most of the activity of the public healthcare system takes place in centers and organizations that are members of La Unió





Collaborating associates







from health and social

sector

The Collaborating Associates Forum is a space through which La Unió strives to encourage participation, and has become a platform for innovation and networking for companies providing goods and services delivering solutions to healthcare and social care organizations.

Furthermore, the Forum is a meeting point to share know-how, experiences, and news, through work meetings, technical panels, and seminars.



Business

Services









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ESTUDI

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ARQUITECTURA

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INFORMÁTICA

Fundación



INITEC





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HARTMANN

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PENSIUM

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and their long tradition

Our healthcare and social care organizations

These historical organizations –stemming from the civil society— are part of La Unió, the most important association of social and healthcare organizations in Catalonia.

The earliest poor relief organizations

In the Middle Ages, a time of famine and epidemics, Christian charity fostered the provision of hospitals to attend and protect pilgrims, travelers, the poor, the sick, and the destitute. These hospitals were built in the vicinity of monasteries and churches, always under their spiritual council. Between the 15th and the 18th centuries, the first civil hospitals appeared, associated to religious communities and leading figures of the civil society, who bequeathed their estates to these charity institutions.







EAP Albera Salut EAP Alt Camp Oest EAP Doreta Eixample EAP Osona Sud-Alt Congost EAP Poble Sec EAP Sardenya EAP Sarrià Vallvidrera Les Planes EAP Vallcarca-Sant Gervasi EAP Vic EAP Muralles Salut Pediatria dels Pirineus









Associació de Salut Mental Horta-Cuinardó Fundació Els Tres Turons Grup CHM Salut Mental Centre Psicoteràpia Barcelona Serveis Salut Mental Fundació Sanitària Sant Pere Claver Fundació Vidal i Barraquer













ACFUC - Associació Catalana de Familiars, Usuaris i Col·laboradors de Centres Geriàtrics Assistits Adesma Fundació Servei de Tutela Alzheimer Catalunya Fundació Privada



















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Associació Benestar i Desenvolupament Associació per a la rehabilitació de les persones amb malatila mental Centre d'Higiene Mental Les Corts Centre Educatiu i Terapèutic Carrilet Centre Higiene Mental Nou Barris Centre L'Alba Comunitat Terapèutica del Maresme. Serveis Salut Mental Cuina Justa Fundació Centre Mèdic Psicopedagògic d'Osona Fundació Els Tres Turons Fundació Els Tres Turons Fundació fundati de Dia Nou. Barris







ASM Conta Guinardó

barnaclínic+ grup hospital clínic

Associació de Familiars de Malalts d'Alzheimer de Barcelona (AFAB) Associació Fadesia Fundació Aprodisca Fundació Jaume Batlle Bigas Fundació Nostra Senyora dels Àngels Fundació Privada Jeroni de Moragas Fundació Privada Provellesa Autònom (Provea) Fundació Privada Sant Jordi de Catalònia Fundació Privada Tutelar Acidh Fundació Privada Tutelar Ampara Fundació Privada Tutelar del Ripollès Fundació Privada Tutelar Família i Societat de Sabadel Fundació Privada Tutelar Santa Clara Fundació Privada Tutelar Santa Maria de Comabella (Ampans) Fundació Santa María de Pontevedra Fundació Tutelar de l'Anoia Fundació Tutelar de l'Empordà Fundació Via-Guasp per a la Tutela del Malalt Mental La Tutela, Fundació Privada Catalana Tutelar TEB Fundació







Consorci Sanitari





Fundació Joia Fundació Lar Fundació Malalts Mentals de Catalunya Fundació Nou Barris Fundació Nou Camí Fundació Salut i Comunitat Fundació Vidal i Barraquer Intress Prevenció, Assistència i Seguiment











A nascent territorial healthcare model in the early 20th century

From 1915, the Mancomunitat first, and the Republican Generalitat later, pushed for a program of refurbishment and improvement of the existing hospitals and health centers, and the building of new facilities -often in collaboration with the townships and villages— and always bearing in mind the realities of county demarcations. At the same time, the business community and the social forces promoted mutual aid schemes and cooperatives for labor and health protection. Little by little, a diverse healthcare system emerged, reaching throughout the country. However, it wasn't yet available to everyone.



Large Social Security centers during the Franco era

After the war, the Social Security system was implemented. The Spanish State built the great provincial hospitals of Barcelona (Vall d'Hebron, Bellvitge, and Badalona), Lleida, Girona, Tarragona, and Tortosa, although the great historical civil society hospitals still provided a great deal of the healthcare activity. At the end of the dictatorship, the state's Social Security system still provided only 20% of the hospital beds. The rest belonged to foundations, mutual aid organizations, religious orders, the Red Cross, private organizations, and the local administrations.



Quality care for everyone in centers of diverse ownership

When Catalonia regained its self-rule in the 1980's, the Catalan government defined its own public health system, with universal access. Hospitals were modernized, new county hospitals were projected, and the Network of Hospitals of Public Use was created (XHUP), integrating some 70 centers of diverse ownership across the country. A public, comprehensive system which would then spread to primary care, social healthcare, and mental health. Many of these and other centers can be accessed privately or through health insurances. All these private and public resources, and our health results, put Catalonia among the leading countries in the world in terms of the quality of its healthcare.









Fundació Puigvert

Fundació

FSM FUNDACIÓ SANITÀRIA MOLLET

fundació sant hospital la seu d'urgel



Fundació Vallpa Mútua Terrassa







Sagessa





SJD Sant Joan de Déu Barcelona · Hospital

Hospital Universitari Sagrat Cor



IAS Institut d'Assistència Sanitària



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Josep Finestres UNIVERSITAT DE BARCELONA





FIATC

6 Hospital General de Granollers Fundació Privada Hospital Asil de Granoller







BENITO MENNI COMPLEX ASSISTENCIA EN SALUT MENTAL HOSPITAL MARE DE DÉU DE LA MERCÉ HOSPITAL SAGRAT COR OSPITAL SANT RAFAEI











Institut Pere Mata Villablanca Serveis Assistencial Pere Mata Social Fundació Pere Mata Fundació Pere Mata Terres de l'Ebre Fundació Villablanca



(F) IRITEB









Serveis de Geriatria Alfacs. S.L.







with our members

At La Unió, our aim is to help define the future healthcare model

